Rhomboencephalitis due to cocaine-induced bony erosion of skull base

A 49-year-old man with 10 years of intranasal cocaine use presented with dysphagia. Neurologic examination demonstrated bilateral sixth nerve palsies. Brain MRI showed erosion of the sphenoid sinus walls and a defect in the skull base; the resulting path between the nasal cavity and brainstem permitted rhomboencephalitis and clival osteomyelitis (figure 1). Clival cultures grew methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus*. IV antibiotics were administered and switched to oral after 6 weeks. Repeat MRI showed decreased T2 fluid-attenuated inversion recovery brainstem hyperintensity (figure 2). Antibiotics will be used for at least 1 year; surgical reconstruction of the skull base will depend on his abstinence from cocaine.

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*Author contributions:* Jordan S. Dubow: involved in conceptualization of paper and drafting the manuscript. Samuel Singer: involved in revising the manuscript. Alan Z. Segal: involved in revising the manuscript.

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